

Doctoral study programme (DSP)

The doctoral study programme is structured into two complementary components: the training programme based on advanced university studies (PPA) and the individual scientific research programme (PCŞ), designed in a coherent sequence that ensures the transition from advanced training to individual scientific research. The PPA provides the training framework necessary for the development of research, methodological, ethical, and specialized competences through the courses included in the curriculum, whose objectives, content, learning outcomes, and assessment methods are defined in the course syllabi.

The PCŞ represents the core research component of the doctoral programme and aims at the progressive development of the doctoral student's capacity to design, conduct, analyse, and disseminate their own scientific research. The research pathway is gradually structured through the seven progress reports, from the development of the research project, the critical analysis of the specialized literature, and the substantiation of the methodological framework to the conduct and dissemination of studies and the integrative validation of scientific research. This sequence allows for the periodic monitoring of the doctoral student's academic and scientific progress and ensures the continuity of the research process until the doctoral thesis is prepared and completed.

The correlation between the PPA and the PCŞ ensures the coherence and progressive nature of the doctoral study programme, with the learning outcomes acquired and developed during the advanced training stage subsequently being applied in the design and conduct of doctoral research. Thus, the programme integrates theoretical and methodological training, the development of research and specialized competences, individual research activity, periodic assessment of progress, and the dissemination of scientific results within a coherent doctoral pathway.